

SemRel 2024: A Collection of Semantic Textual Relatedness Datasets for 13 Languages



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Semantic Textual Relatedness (STR)

| | |
|---|---------------------------|
| <i>There was a lemon tree next to the house</i> | <i>I have a green hat</i> |
| <i>I am feeling sick</i> | <i>Get well soon</i> |

- Central to understanding meaning in text.
- STR involves Semantic Textual Similarity (**STS**) and all **commonalities** between two units of text: **topic, view, time period, ...**
- Previous work focused on semantic textual similarity (STS) except the STR dataset by Abdalla et al. (2023) that focuses on English.
- Applications include evaluating sentence representation, QA, summarisation.

Dataset Creation: Key Steps

- **Create instances**
 - Identify data sources.
 - Wikipedia, social media, reviews, ...
 - Extract and **pair sentences**.
- **Comparative annotation** using Best-Worst Scaling (BWS).
- **Quality control** sanity check and postprocessing.

| Lang | afr | amh | arb | arg | ary | eng | esp | hau | hin | ind | kin | mar | tel |
|------|------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Size | 700 | 1,258 | 627 | 1,941 | 1,421 | 8,350 | 2,302 | 2,551 | 1,256 | 504 | 1,102 | 1,791 | 1,597 |
| SHR | 0.85 | 0.90 | 0.86 | 0.64 | 0.77 | 0.82 | 0.70 | 0.74 | 0.93 | 0.68 | 0.74 | 0.94 | 0.87 |

Data Selection

We pair average-length sentences from various sources using heuristics such as lexical overlap, contiguity, (MT) paraphrases, STS, random selection, manual checks.

Data Annotation using BWS

| | |
|--|--|
| <i>That's difficult. They're both great.</i> <i>That's hard they as they are great!</i> | |
| <i>That's difficult.</i> <i>I think it's easy.</i> | |
| <i>There is a tree next to the house.</i> <i>I love reading next to the tree.</i> | |
| <i>I was travelling.</i> <i>She bought a new phone.</i> | |

Choose the **most related** and the **least related** pair from a **tuple of 4 sentence pairs**.

Data Aggregation

We generate real-valued scores based on **the number of times a pair was chosen as best** and **the number of times it was chosen worst**.

Datasets

Team effort to build datasets for 13 languages from 5 language families.

The datasets were used in a SemEval shared task (with >160 participants).

Experiments

- Determine relatedness scores.
- Assess how well do system-predicted rankings of test instances align with human judgments using Spearman rank correlation.
- Baselines Lexical Overlap, Supervised, Unsupervised, and Crosslingual settings.

Insights



Results show limitations of current multilingual and language-specific language models.



Performance highly language dependent.